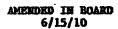
Exhibit A



FILE NO. 100104

ORDINANCE NO. 155-10

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[Cell Phones; Retailers' Duty to Disclose Specific Absorption Rate Values.]

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Environment Code by adding Chapter 11,
Sections 1100 through 1106 4106, to require retailers to disclose Specific Absorption
Rate values for cell phones, and making environmental findings.

Note:

Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman</u>, deletions are <u>strikethrough italics Times New Roman</u>.

Board amendment additions are <u>double underlined</u>.

Board amendment deletions are <u>strikethrough normal</u>.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. Findings.

- (a) Government agencies and scientific bodies in the European Union (EU) and Israel have recognized the potential harm of long-term exposure to radiation emitted from ceil phones and, as a result, have issued warnings about their use, especially their use by children.
- (b) The United States Federal Communications Commission ("the FCC") has established a maximum allowable Specific Absorption Rate ("SAR") rating that manufacturers must disclose to the government when offering a portable wireless device (cell phone) for sale. The SAR is a value that corresponds to the relative amount of radiofrequency energy absorbed in the head or body of a user of a wireless handset. At the time of adoption of this ordinance, the FCC limit for public exposure from cellular telephones is an SAR level of 1.6 watts per kilogram (1.6 W/kg) for spatial peak (local) SAR, such as SAR in the user's head, as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.
- (c) The SAR values for different makes and models of cell phones differ widely, but consumers are not able to make informed purchasing decisions because there is no

Mayor Newsom, Supervisor Maxwell BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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requirement that the retailer provide the applicable SAR values to the consumer at the point when the consumer is deciding between various makes and models.

(d) Cell phones are an important communication tool, especially during emergencies, and radiation exposure from cell phones can be reduced by using a speakerphone or a headset, or by sending text messages.

Section 2. The San Francisco Environment Code is hereby amended by adding Chapter 11, Sections 1100 through 1106 4105, to read as follows:

CHAPTER 11: CELL PHONE DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 1100. TITLE.

This Chapter may be known as the "Cell Phone Right-to-Know Ordinance."

SEC. 1101. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this Chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) "Cell phone" means a portable wireless telephone device that is designed to send or receive transmissions through a cellular radiotelephone service, as defined in Section 22.99 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations. A cell phone does not include a wireless telephone device that is integrated into the electrical architecture of a motor vehicle.
- (b) "Cell phone retailer" means any person or entity within the City which sells or leases cell phones to the public or which offers cell phones for sale or lease. "Cell phone retailer" shall include a "formula cell phone retailer." "Cell phone retailer" shall not include anyone selling or leasing cell phones over the phone, by mail, or over the internet. "Cell phone retailer" shall also not include

Mayor Newsorn , Supervisor Maxwell BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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anyone selling or leasing ce	ll phones directly to	o the public at a convent	ion, trade show,	or conference.
or otherwise selling or leasi	ng cell phones dire	ctly to the public within	the City for fewe	er than 10 days
in a vear.	•	(2)		

- (c) "Cell phone service provider" means a telecommunications common carrier authorized to offer and provide cellular service for hire to the general public.
- (d) "Director" means the Director of the Department of the Environment, or his or her designee.
- (e) "Display materials" means informational or promotional materials posted adjacent to a sample phone or phones on display at the retail location that describe or list the features of the phone. "Display materials" shall not include any tag, sticker, or decal attached to a cell phone by the manufacturer, the manufacturer's packaging for a cell phone, or materials that list only the price and an identifier for the phone.
- (f) "Formula cell phone retailer" means a cell phone retailer which sells or leases cell phones to the public, or which offers cell phones for sale or lease, through a retail sales establishment located in the City which, along with eleven or more other retail sales establishments located in the United States, maintains two or more of the following features: a standardized array of merchandise; a standardized facade: a standardized decor and color scheme; a uniform apparel: standardized signage; or, a trademark or service mark.
- (g) "SAR value" means the maximum whole-body and spatial peak Specific Absorption Rate for a particular make and model of cell phone as registered with the Federal Communications

 Commission. (See, generally, Section 2.1093 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations.)

Mayor Newsom . Supervisor Maxwell BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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SEC. 1102. REQUIREMENTS FOR CELL PHONE SERVICE PROVIDERS.

(a) Beginning September 1, 2010, any cell phone service provider that sells its service through a retailer in the City must provide a list of those retail locations to the Department of the Environment in a form determined by the Department. The service provider must update the list annually. The Department shall adopt regulations governing the form and submission of the lists.

(b) Beginning November 1, 2010, any cell phone service provider that sells its service through a retailer in the City must provide those retailers with the SAR value for each make and model of cell phone sold or leased at that location in connection with cell phone service from the provider. The service provider must update the information it provides to retailers whenever new makes and models of cell phones covered by the service provider are added or old makes and models dropped, or whenever the service provider receives new information on the SAR values of any of the phones.

(c) If a cell phone service provider is unable to provide this information (in subsection b) to retailers in the City, then the Department of Environment upon the request of the service provider shall provide assistance in procuring that information.

SEC. 1103. REQUIREMENTS FOR CELL PHONE RETAILERS.

- (a) If a cell phone retailer posts display materials in connection with sample phones or phones on display, the display materials must include these three elements:
- (1) The SAR value of that phone and the maximum allowable SAR value for cell phones set by the FCC:
 - (2) A statement explaining what a SAR value is: and
- (3) A statement that additional educational materials regarding SAR values and cell phone use are available from the cell phone retailer.

The Department of the Environment shall adopt regulations specifying the content and format for the elements required by this subsection (a), and shall develop a template for those elements. The

Mayor Newsom , Supervisor Maxwell. BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Page 4 6/15/2010

elements shall be printed in a space no smaller than 1 inch by 2.625 inches. The SAR values and header text shall be printed in type no smaller than the size and readability equivalent of "Arial" 11 point, and the copy text shall be printed in type no smaller than the size and readability equivalent of "Arial" 8 point.

February 1, 2011. All other cell phone retailers must comply with the requirements of this subsection (a) beginning

- (b) If a cell phone retailer does not post display materials in connection with sample phones or phones on display, the retailer must display, in a prominent location within the retail location visible to the public, a poster that includes these three elements:
- (1) The SAR value of each make and model of cell phone offered for sale or lease at that retail location and the maximum allowable SAR value for cell phones set by the FCC:
 - (2) A statement explaining what a SAR value is; and
- (3) A statement that additional educational materials regarding SAR values and cell phone use are available from the cell phone retailer.

The Department of the Environment shall adopt regulations specifying the content and format for the elements required by this subsection (b), and shall develop a template for those elements. The store poster shall be no smaller than 8.5 inches by 11 inches.

Formula cell phone retailers must comply with the requirements of this subsection (b) beginning February 1, 2011. All other cell phone retailers must comply by February 1, 2012.

(c) The Director may, in his or her discretion, authorize a retailer to use alternate means to comply with the requirements of subsections (a) and (b). The Director shall authorize such alternate means through the adoption of a regulation after a noticed hearing, and no retailer may sell or lease cell phones to the public or offer to sell or lease cell phones to the public using any alternate means of compliance with this Chapter unless specifically authorized to do so in advance in writing by the Director.

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SEC, 1104. DEPARTMENTAL FACTSHEETS: ASSISTANCE WITH COMPLIANCE.

(a) Following a public hearing, the Department of the Environment, in consultation with the Department of Public Health, shall develop a supplemental factsheet regarding SAR values and the use of cell phones, as well as templates for display materials and store posters required by this Chapter.

The Department of the Environment shall hold the initial public hearing by September 1, 2010, and complete the supplemental factsheet by November 1, 2010. The supplemental factsheet shall be no larger than 8.5 inches by 11 inches.

(b) By November 1. 2010, the Department of the Environment shall issue regulations specifying the contents and format for the elements required by Section 1103, subsections (a) and (b), for display materials and store posters, respectively. By that date, the Department of the Environment shall also adopt templates for display materials and store posters.

(c) The Department shall develop content for all of these materials that is based on and consistent with the relevant information provided by the FCC or other federal agencies having jurisdiction over cell phones, explaining the significance of the SAR value and potential effects of exposure to cell phone radiation. The materials shall also inform customers of actions that can be taken by cell phone users to minimize exposure to radiation, such as turning off cell phones when not in use, using a headset and speaker phone, or texting.

SEC. 1105. IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCEMENT.

(a) Notwithstanding those provisions of Section 1103(a) and (b) applicable to formula cell phone retailers, requiring them to make certain disclosures and statements in connection with cell phone sales and leases, the City shall not enforce those provisions until May 1, 2011. During the period between the operative date for those requirements, February 1, 2011, and May 1, 2011, the Department of the Environment shall conduct an education and assistance program for formula cell

Mayor Newsom . Supervisor Maxwell BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Page 6 6/15/2010

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phone retailers, and shall visit the retailers and assist them with meeting the requirements of the subsections.

(b) Notwithstanding those provisions of Section 1103(a) and (b) applicable to all cell phone retailers other than formula cell phone retailers, requiring them to make certain disclosures and statements in connection with cell phone sales and leases, the City shall not enforce those provisions until August 1, 2012. During the period between the operative date for those requirements, February 1, 2012, and August 1, 2012, the Department of the Environment shall conduct an education and assistance program for those cell phone retailers, and shall visit the retailers and assist them with meeting the requirements of the subsections.

(c) The City Administrator shall issue a written warning to any person he or she determines is violating provisions of this Chapter or any regulation issued under this Chapter. If 30 days after issuance of the written warning the City Administrator finds that the person receiving the warning has continued to violate the provisions of the Chapter or any regulation issued under this Chapter, the City Administrator may impose administrative fines as provided below in subsections (d), (e), and (f).

(d) Violation of this Chapter or any regulation issued under this Chapter shall be punishable by administrative fines in the amount of:

(1) Up to \$100.00 for the first violation:

- (2) Up to \$250.00 for the second violation within a twelve-month period; and
- (3) Up to \$500 for the third and subsequent violations within a twelve-month period.

(e) Except as provided in subsection (d), setting forth the amount of administrative fines,

Administrative Code Chapter 100, "Procedures Governing the Imposition of Administrative Fines," as
may be amended form time to time, is hereby incorporated in its entirety and shall govern the
imposition, enforcement, collection, and review of administrative citations issued by the City

Administrator to enforce this Chapter or any regulation issued under this Chapter. Violation of this

Mayor Newsom , Supervisor Maxwell BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Chapter is not a misdemeanor, and the Board of Supervisors intends that the requirements of this Chapter be enforced only through administrative fines as provided in this Section.

(f) For purposes of this Chapter, each individual item that is sold or leased, or offered for sale or lease, contrary to the provisions of this Chapter or any regulation issued under this Chapter shall constitute a separate violation.

SEC. 1106. DISCLAIMER:

In adopting and implementing this Chapter, the City and County of San Francisco is assuming an undertaking only to promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing on its officers and employees, an obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach proximately caused injury.

Section 3. Additional Provisions.

- (a) Disclaimer. In adopting and implementing this Chapter, the City and County of San Francisco is assuming an undertaking only to promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing on its officers and employees, an obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach proximately caused injury.
- (a) (b) Conflict with State or Federal Law. This Chapter shall be construed so as not to conflict with applicable federal or State laws, rules or regulations. Nothing in this Chapter shall authorize any City agency or department to impose any duties or obligations in conflict with limitations on municipal authority established by State or federal law at the time such agency or department action is taken.
- (b) (e) Severability. If any of the provisions of this Chapter or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of those provisions, including the application of such part or provisions to persons or circumstances other than those to which it

Mayor Newsom , Supervisor Maxwell BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

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2	end, the provisions of this Chapter			1	
3	(c) (d) Environmental Find				
4	actions contemplated in this ordina	401			
5	Quality Act (Cal. Pub. Res. Code §	· •			
6	Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in	n File No. <u>100104</u>	and is	incorporate	d herein by
7	reference.	•			
8		3.			
9	•				
10				•	
11	APPROVED AS TO FORM:				
12	DENNIS J. HERRERA, City Attom	ey			
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14	See File for Signature By:				
15	THOMAS J. OWEN Deputy City Attorney			# ₂	3
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City and County of San Francisco Tails

Ordinance

City Hell I Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

File Number:

100104

Date Passed: June 22, 2010

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Environment Code by adding Chapter 11, Sections 1100 through 1108, to require retailers to disclose specific absorption rate values for cell phones, and making environmental findings.

June 08, 2010 Board of Supervisors - CONTINUED ON FIRST READING

Ayes: 9 - Alloto-Pier, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Daly, Elsbernd, Mar, Maxwell and

Mirkarimi

Noes: 2 - Avalos and Dufty

June 16, 2010 Board of Supervisors - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING NEW TITLE

Ayes: 11 - Alloto-Pier, Avalos, Campos, Chlu, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Eisbernd, Mar, Maxwell and Mirkerimi

June 15, 2010 Board of Supervisors - PASSED ON FIRST READING AS AMENDED

Ayes: 10 - Alioto-Pier, Avaios, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Mar, Maxwell and

Mirkerimi

Noes: 1 - Elsbernd

June 22, 2010 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED

Ayes: 9 - Avaios, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Daly, Dufty, Mar, Maxwell and Mirkarimi

Noès: 1 - Elsbernd

Excusad: 1 - Alloto-Pler



or Gavin Newsom

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on . 8/22/2010 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

JUIN 1, 201

Exhibit B

FILE NO. 110656

Amendment of the Whole – 7/11/11 ORDINANCE NO. 165-//

[Environment Code—Cell Phone Disclosure Requirements]

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Ordinance amending the San Francisco Environment Code Sections 1101 through 1105 to require cell phone retailers to provide their customers with information regarding how to limit exposure to the radiofrequency energy emitted by cell phones in place of the mandatory disclosure of Specific Absorption Rate values for cell phone models.

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Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman</u>; deletions are <u>strike-through italics Times New Roman</u>. Board amendment additions are <u>double-underlined</u>; Board amendment deletions are <u>strikethrough normal</u>.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. Findings.

NOTE:

- 1. It is the policy of the City and County of San Francisco to adhere to the Precautionary Principle, which provides that the government should not wait for scientific proof of a health or safety risk before taking steps to inform the public of the potential for harm.
 - 2. There is a debate in the scientific community about the health effects of cell phones.
- 3. Numerous studies have identified evidence of an increased risk of brain cancer and other illnesses as a result of cell phone use, as well as heightened health concerns for children and pregnant women.
- 4. Leading epidemiologists who have studied the effects of radiofrequency energy absorbed from cell phones have recommended that the public be informed of the potential for adverse health effects from long-term cell phone use, particularly for children. See Cardis and Sadetski, "Indications of possible brain-tumour risk in mobile-phone studies: Should we be concerned?," Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, Jan. 24, 2011.

- 5. Most cellular phone user manuals disclose, in fine print, that if a user holds a phone too close to his or her body, his or her phone may exceed the radiofrequency energy exposure limitation set by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC").
- 6. FCC regulations presently do not require cell phone manufacturers to measure the amount of radiofrequency energy an average user will absorb from each model of cell phone. The amount of radiofrequency energy a user will absorb from a particular model of cell phone depends on numerous factors, including how the phone is used, the frequency on which it operates and the communication system it uses (for example, CDMA technology or GSM technology).
- 7. The Board urges the FCC and the scientific community to develop a metric for measuring the actual amount of radiofrequency energy an average user will absorb from each model of cell phone. Such a metric would better enable consumers concerned about the potential effects of radiofrequency emissions to compare cell phone models and make informed purchasing decisions.
- 8. The Board finds that until such a metric is developed, it is in the interest of the public health to require cell phone retailers to inform consumers about the potential health effects of cell phone use, and about measures they can take to reduce their exposure to radiofrequency energy from cell phones. The purpose of this legislation is to improve and strengthen the disclosures required under the original Cell Phone Right-to-Know Ordinance to better achieve this public health purpose.

Section 2. The San Francisco Environment Code is hereby amended by amending Sections 1101 through 1105, to read as follows:

SEC. 1101. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this Chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) "Cell phone" means a portable wireless telephone device that is designed to send or receive transmissions through a cellular radiotelephone service, as defined in Section 22.99 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations. A cell phone does not include a wireless telephone device that is integrated into the electrical architecture of a motor vehicle.
- (b) "Cell phone retailer" means any person or entity within the City which sells or leases cell phones to the public or which offers cell phones for sale or lease. "Cell phone retailer" shall include a "formula cell phone retailer." "Cell phone retailer" shall not include anyone selling or leasing cell phones solely over the phone, by mail, or over the internet. "Cell phone retailer" shall also not include anyone selling or leasing cell phones directly to the public at a convention, trade show, or conference, or otherwise selling or leasing cell phones directly to the public within the City for fewer than 10 days in a year.
- (c) "Cell phone service provider" means a telecommunications common carrier authorized to offer and provide cellular service for hire to the general public.
- (d) "Director" means the Director of the Department of the Environment, or his or her designee.
- (e) "Display materials" means informational or promotional materials posted adjacent to a sample phone or phones on display at the retail location that describe or list the features of the phone. "Display materials" shall not include any tag, sticker, or decal attached to a cell phone by the manufacturer, the manufacturer's packaging for a cell phone, or materials that list only the price and an identifier for the phone.

(f) "Formula cell phone retailer" means a cell phone retailer which sells or leases cell phones to the public, or which offers cell phones for sale or lease, through a retail sales establishment located in the City which, along with eleven or more other retail sales establishments located in the United States, maintains two or more of the following features: a standardized array of merchandise; a standardized facade; a standardized decor and color scheme; a uniform apparel; standardized signage; or, a trademark or service mark.

(g) "SAR value" means the maximum whole body and spatial peak Specific Absorption Rate for a particular make and model of cell phone as registered with the Federal Communications

Commission. (See, generally, Section 2.1093 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations.)

SEC. 1102. REQUIREMENTS FOR CELL PHONE SERVICE PROVIDERS.

(a) Beginning September 1, 2010, any Any cell phone service provider that sells its service through a retailer in the City must provide a list of those retail locations to the Department of the Environment in a form determined by the Department. The service provider must update the list annually. The Department shall adopt regulations governing the form and submission of the lists.

(b) Beginning November 1, 2010, any cell phone service provider that sells its service through a retailer in the City must provide those retailers with the SAR value for each make and model of cell phone sold or leased at that location in connection with cell phone service from the provider. The service provider must update the information it provides to retailers whenever new makes and models of cell phones covered by the service provider are added or old makes and models dropped, or whenever the service provider receives new information on the SAR values of any of the phones.

(c) If a cell phone service provider is unable to provide this information (in subsection b) to retailers in the City, then the Department of Environment upon the request of the service provider shall provide assistance in procuring that information.

(3) A statement that additional educational materials regarding SAR values and cell phone use are available from the cell phone retailer.

The Department of the Environment shall adopt regulations specifying the content and format for the elements required by this subsection (a), and shall develop a template for those elements. The SAR values and header text shall be printed in type no smaller than the size and readability equivalent of "Arial" 11 point, and the copy text shall be printed in type no smaller than the size and readability equivalent of "Arial" 8 point.

Formula cell phone retailers must comply with the requirements of this subsection (a) beginning

May 1, 2011. All other cell phone retailers must comply by February 1, 2012.

- (b) If a cell phone retailer does not post display materials in connection with sample phones or phones on display, the retailer must display, in a prominent location within the retail location visible to the public, a poster that includes these three elements:
- (1) The SAR value of each make and model of cell phone offered for sale or lease at that retail location and the maximum allowable SAR value for cell phones set by the FCC;
 - (2) A statement explaining what a SAR value is; and,
- (3) A statement that additional educational materials regarding SAR values and cell phone use are available from the cell phone retailer.

The Department of the Environment shall adopt regulations specifying the content and format for the elements required by this subsection (b), and shall develop a template for those elements. The store poster shall be no smaller than 8.5 inches by 11 inches.

Formula cell phone retailers must comply with the requirements of this subsection (b) beginning

May 1, 2011. All other cell phone retailers must comply by February 1, 2012.

(d) (e) The Director may, in his or her discretion, authorize a retailer to use alternate means to comply with the requirements of subsections (a), (b) and (c) and (b). The Director shall authorize such alternate means through the adoption of a regulation after a noticed

hearing, and no retailer may sell or lease cell phones to the public or offer to sell or lease cell phones to the public using any alternate means of compliance with this Chapter unless specifically authorized to do so in advance in writing by the Director.

(d) Retailers shall provide any customer who requests one with a free copy of the supplemental factsheet prepared by the Department of the Environment under Section 1104(a), as referenced in subsections (a)(3) and (b)(3).

SEC. 1104. <u>REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT</u> <u>DEPARTMENTAL FACTSHEETS; ASSISTANCE WITH COMPLIANCE</u>.

- (a) Following a public hearing, the Department of the Environment, in consultation with the Department of Public Health, shall develop: a supplemental factsheet regarding SAR values and the use of cell phones, as well as templates; for display materials and store posters required by this Chapter.
 - (1) An informational poster, as referenced in Section 1103(a);
 - (2) An informational factsheet, as referenced in Section 1103(b); and,
- (3) A set of statements that must be included in display materials, as referenced in Section 1103(c).
- (b) The materials shall inform consumers of issues pertaining to radiofrequency energy emissions from cell phones and actions that can be taken by cell phone users to minimize exposure to radiofrequency energy, such as turning off cell phones when not in use, using a headset and speaker phone, or using the phone to send text messages ("texting").
- (c) The Director may by regulation require the inclusion of additional information in the poster, the factsheet, and/or the statements required in connection with display materials.

The Department of the Environment shall hold the initial public hearing by September 1, 2010, and complete the supplemental factsheet by November 1, 2010. The supplemental factsheet shall be no larger than 8.5 inches by 11 inches.

- (d) (b) By November 1, 2010, Within 15 days after the effective date of this ordinance or as soon thereafter as is practicable, the Department of the Environment shall, after a noticed public hearing, issue regulations specifying the contents, size, and format for the elements the poster, the factsheet, and the statements required in connection with display materials as referenced in subsection (a), and provide templates of them for use by retailers.
 - (1) The informational poster shall be a maximum size of 11 inches by 17 inches;
- (2) The informational factsheet shall be a maximum size of 5.5 inches by 11 inches (half-sheet of paper); and,
- (3) The informational statements shall be printed in a space no smaller than 1 inch by 2.625 inches.

 required by Section 1103, subsections (a) and (b), for display materials and store posters, respectively.

 By that date, the Department of the Environment shall also adopt templates for display materials and store posters.
- (c) The Department shall develop content for all of these materials that is based on and consistent with the relevant information provided by the FCC or other federal agencies having jurisdiction over cell phones, explaining the significance of the SAR value and potential effects of exposure to cell phone radiation. The materials shall also inform customers of actions that can be taken by cell phone users to minimize exposure to radiation, such as turning off cell phones when not in use, using a headset and speaker phone, or texting.
- (c) Should the scientific community or the FCC develop a new metric to measure the actual amount of radiofrequency energy an average user will absorb from each model of cell phone, the

Department of the Environment shall make recommendations to the Board of Supervisors for amendments to this Chapter to require notification to the public of this metric at the point of sale.

SEC. 1105. IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCEMENT.

- (a) During the period leading up to May 1, 2011, the Department of the Environment shall conduct an education and assistance program for formula cell phone retailers regarding the provisions of Section 1103(a), (b), and (d), and shall visit the retailers and assist them with meeting the requirements of the subsections.
- (b) Notwithstanding those provisions of Section 1103(a), (b) and (d) applicable to all cell phone retailers other than formula cell phone retailers, requiring them to make certain disclosures and statements in connection with cell phone sales and leases, the City shall not enforce those provisions until August 1, 2012. During the period between the operative date for those requirements, February 1, 2012, and August 1, 2012, the Department of the Environment shall conduct an education and assistance program for those cell phone retailers, and shall visit the retailers and assist them with meeting the requirements of the subsections.
- (a) (e) The City Administrator shall issue a written warning to any person he or she determines is violating provisions of this Chapter or any regulation issued under this Chapter. If 30 days after issuance of the written warning the City Administrator finds that the person receiving the warning has continued to violate the provisions of the Chapter or any regulation issued under this Chapter, the City Administrator may impose administrative fines as provided below in subsections (b), (c) and (d) (d), (e), and (f).
- (b) (d) Violation of this Chapter or any regulation issued under this Chapter shall be punishable by administrative fines in the amount of:
 - (1) Up to \$100.00 for the first violation;
 - (2) Up to \$250.00 for the second violation within a twelve-month period; and,

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(3) Up to \$500.00 for the third and subsequent violations within a twelve-month period.

- (c) (e) Except as provided in subsection (b) (d), setting forth the amount of administrative fines, Administrative Code Chapter 100, "Procedures Governing the Imposition of Administrative Fines," as may be amended form time to time, is hereby incorporated in its entirety and shall govern the imposition, enforcement, collection, and review of administrative citations issued by the City Administrator to enforce this Chapter or any regulation issued under this Chapter. Violation of this Chapter is not a misdemeanor, and the Board of Supervisors intends that the requirements of this Chapter be enforced only through administrative fines as provided in this Section.
- (d) # For purposes of this Chapter, each individual item that is sold or leased, or offered for sale or lease, contrary to the provisions of this Chapter or any regulation issued under this Chapter shall constitute a separate violation.

Section 3. Additional Provisions.

- (a) Disclaimer. In adopting and implementing this Chapter, the City and County of San Francisco is assuming an undertaking only to promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing on its officers and employees, an obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach proximately caused injury.
- (b) Conflict with State or Federal Law. This Chapter shall be construed so as not to conflict with applicable federal or State laws, rules or regulations. Nothing in this Chapter shall authorize any City agency or department to impose any duties or obligations in conflict with limitations on municipal authority established by State or federal law at the time such agency or department action is taken.

(c) Severability. If any of the words, phrases, clauses, sentences, sections, or provisions of this ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstance are held invalid, the remainder of this ordinance's words, phrases, clauses, sentences, sections, or provisions, including the application of such part or provisions thereof to persons or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby and shall continue in full force and effect. To this end, the provisions of this ordinance are severable.

(d) Environmental Findings. The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this ordinance are in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (Cal. Pub. Res. Code §§ 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. ______ and is incorporated herein by reference.

Supervisor Avalos
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS



City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

Ordinance

File Number:

110656

Date Passed: July 26, 2011

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Environment Code Sections 1101 through 1105 to require cell phone retailers to provide their customers with information regarding how to limit exposure to the radiofrequency energy emitted by cell phones in place of the mandatory disclosure of Specific Absorption Rate Values for cell phone models.

July 11, 2011 City Operations and Neighborhood Services Committee - AMENDED, AN AMENDMENT OF THE WHOLE BEARING SAME TITLE

July 11, 2011 City Operations and Neighborhood Services Committee - RECOMMENDED AS **AMENDED**

July 19, 2011 Board of Supervisors - PASSED, ON FIRST READING

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Cohen, Elsbernd, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Mirkarimi and Wiener

July 26, 2011 Board of Supervisors - FINALLY PASSED

Ayes: 11 - Avalos, Campos, Chiu, Chu, Cohen, Elsbernd, Farrell, Kim, Mar, Mirkarimi and Wiener

File No. 110656

I hereby certify that the foregoing Ordinance was FINALLY PASSED on 7/26/2011 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

> Angela Calvillo Clerk of the Board

Date Approved

Exhibit C

San Francisco Department of the Environment Regulations SFE 11-07-CPO Requirement for cell phone retailers to provide information to their customers regarding how to limit their exposure to cell phone radiofrequency energy Ordinance No. 165-11, Adopted July 11, 2011

Regulation Effective Date: September 30, 2011

A. <u>Authorization</u>

San Francisco Environment Code Chapter 11:

SEC. 1103. REQUIREMENTS FOR CELL PHONE RETAILERS.

- (a) Beginning 15 days after the Department of the Environment adopts the regulations required under Section 1104(d), cell phone retailers must display in a prominent location visible to the public, within the retail store, an informational poster developed by the Department of the Environment as referenced in Section 1104.
- (b) Beginning 15 days after the Department of the Environment adopts the regulations required under Section 1104(d), cell phone retailers must provide to every customer that purchases a cell phone a free copy of an informational factsheet developed by the Department of the Environment as referenced in Section 1104. A copy of this factsheet must also be provided to any customer who requests it, regardless of whether they purchase a cell phone or not.
- (c) Beginning 30 days after the Department of the Environment adopts the regulations required under Section 1104(d), if a cell phone retailer posts display materials in connection with sample phones or phones on display, the display materials must include these three informational statements, whose contents, and size, and format as printed, shall be determined by the Department of Environment:
 - (1) A statement explaining that cell phones emit radiofrequency energy that is absorbed by the head and body;
 - (2) A statement referencing measures to reduce exposure to radiofrequency energy from the use of a cell phone; and,
 - (3) A statement that the informational factsheet referenced in subsection (b) is available from the cell phone retailer upon request.
- (d) The Director may, in his or her discretion, authorize a retailer to use alternate means to comply with the requirements of subsections (a), (b) and (c). The Director shall authorize such alternate means through the adoption of a regulation after a noticed hearing, and no retailer may sell or lease cell phones to the public or offer to sell or lease cell phones to the public using any alternate means of compliance with this Chapter unless specifically authorized to do so in advance in writing by the Director.

SEC. 1104. REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

- (a) Following a public hearing, the Department of the Environment, in consultation with the Department of Public Health, shall develop:
 - (1) An informational poster, as referenced in Section 1103(a);
 - (2) An informational factsheet, as referenced in Section 1103(b); and,
 - (3) A set of statements that must be included in display materials, as referenced in Section 1103(c).
- (b) The materials shall inform consumers of issues pertaining to radiofrequency energy emissions from cell phones and actions that can be taken by cell phone users to minimize exposure to radiofrequency energy, such as turning off cell phones when not in use, using a headset and speaker phone, or using the phone to send text messages ("texting").
- (c) The Director may by regulation require the inclusion of additional information in the poster, the factsheet, and/or the statements required in connection with display materials.
- (d) Within 15 days after the effective date of this ordinance or as soon thereafter as is practicable, the Department of the Environment shall, after a noticed public hearing, issue regulations specifying the contents, size, and format for the poster, the factsheet, and the statements required in connection with display materials as referenced in subsection (a), and provide templates of them for use by retailers.
 - (1) The informational poster shall be a maximum size of 11 inches by 17 inches;
 - (2) The informational factsheet shall be a maximum size of 5.5 inches by 11 inches (half-sheet of paper); and,
 - (3) The informational statements shall be printed in a space no smaller than 1 inch by 2.625 inches.
- (e) Should the scientific community or the FCC develop a new metric to measure the actual amount of radiofrequency energy an average user will absorb from each model of cell phone, the Department of the Environment shall make recommendations to the Board of Supervisors for amendments to this Chapter to require notification to the public of this metric at the point of sale.

B. Policy or Findings

According to the World Health Organization (WHO),

- Mobile phone use is ubiquitous with an estimated 4.6 billion subscriptions globally.
- The electromagnetic fields produced by mobile phones are classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as possibly carcinogenic to humans.
- Studies are ongoing to more fully assess potential long term effects of mobile phone use.
- WHO will conduct a formal risk assessment of all studied health outcomes from radiofrequency fields exposure by 2012.

Leading epidemiologists who have studied the effects of radiofrequency energy absorbed from cell phones have recommended that the public be informed of the potential for adverse health effects from long-term cell phone use, particularly for children.

Cell phones are an important communication tool, especially during emergencies, and radiation exposure from cell phones can be reduced by using a speakerphone or a headset, or by sending text messages.

C. Applicability

This regulation applies to all San Francisco cell phone retailers, defined by the San Francisco Environment Code Chapter 11, Section 1101 as:

(b) "Cell phone retailer" means any person or entity within the City which sells or leases cell phones to the public or which otters cell phones for sale or lease. "Cell phone retailer" shall not include anyone selling or leasing cell phones over the phone, by mail, or over the internet. "Cell phone retailer" shall also not include anyone selling or leasing cell phones directly to the public at a convention, trade show, or conference, or otherwise selling or leasing cell phones directly to the public within the City for fewer than 10 days in a year.

D. Requirements

• SEC. 1103(a): Informational poster. See poster (Attachment A).

The attached poster is formatted to fit standard paper size of 11×17 inches. The cell phone retailer must display the poster identical to attachment A (in size, content, format and graphics).

The Department will provide hardcopy posters to cell phone retailers and make replacements available upon request. The cell phone retailers are responsible for contacting the Department to obtain the poster and future replacements in order to ensure compliance with this law. The request for posters can be made in two ways:

- o In person at The Department of the Environment, M-F (9AM to 5PM): 11 Grove St. San Francisco, CA 94102
- A written request to:
 - Toxics Reduction Program, SF Department of the Environment, 11
 Grove St. San Francisco, CA 94102; Or
 - cellphone@sfenvironment.org
- SEC. 1103(b): Department factsheet. See factsheet template (Attachment B).

The attached supplemental factsheet template is formatted to fit standard paper size 8.5×11 inches, with two 8.5×5.5 inches sized factsheets per sheet. Cell phone retailers are required to provide this factsheet to customers upon request and with every cell phone sale. The factsheet provided to customers must be identical in content, format, color and graphics.

The Department shall make the factsheet template available in PDF or Microsoft Word format for printing by cell phone retailers. The Department shall provide starter kits to retailers with 50 factsheets each, and retailers are responsible for making color copies for distribution thereafter.

• SEC. 1103(c): Statements to include in display materials. See label template (Attachment C)

The attached sticker template is formatted to fit on Avery standard 5160-address labels. The font type and size are Futura size 12. A cell phone retailer may print and paste stickers on cell phone display materials or include the content of the sticker in cell phone display materials in a manner that preserves the font size, type and meets the space requirement of no smaller than 1 x 2.625 inches.

The Department shall make the sticker template available in PDF or Microsoft Word format for printing by cell phone retailers.

E. Attachments

Attachment A: Informational poster Attachment B: Informational factsheet

Attachment C: Sticker template for inclusion of informational statements in display materials

The Director of the Department of the Environment hereby adopts these regulations as of the date specified below.

Approved:

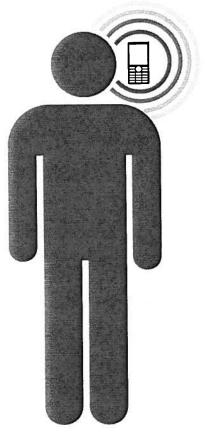
Date

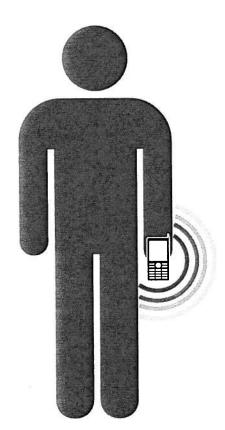
Director, Department of the Environment

Exhibit D



Cell Phones Emit Radio-frequency Energy





Studies continue to assess potential health effects of mobile phone use.

If you wish to reduce your exposure, the City of San Francisco recommends that you:

- Keep distance between your phone and body
- Use a headset, speakerphone, or text instead
- Ask for a free factsheet with more tips



Learn More:

SF Department of Environment @ SFEnvironment.org/cellphoneradiation
Federal Communications Commission @ FCC.gov/cgb/consumerfacts/mobilephone.html
World Health Organization @ WHO.int/mediacentre/factsheets/fs193/en/

Exhibit E

Your head and body absorb RF Energy from cell phones

If you wish to reduce your exposure, ask for San Francisco's free factsheet.

Your head and body absorb RF Energy from cell phones

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Your head and body absorb RF Energy from cell phones

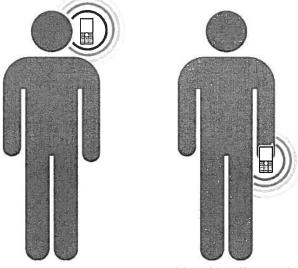
If you wish to reduce your exposure, ask for San Francisco's free factsheet.

Exhibit F



You can limit exposure to Radio-frequency (RF) Energy from your cell phone.





Although studies continue to assess potential health effects of mobile phone use, the World Health Organization has classified RF Energy as a possible carcinogen.

This material was prepared solely by the City and County of San Francisco and must be provided to consumers under lacal law.

09/11

If you are concerned about potential health effects from cell phone RF Energy, the City of San Francisco recommends:

- Limiting cell phone use by children
 Developing brains and thinner skulls lead to higher absorption in children.
- Using a headset, speakerphone or text instead
 Exposure decreases rapidly with increasing distance from the phone.
- Using belt clips and purses to keep distance between your phone and body

 Do not carry on your body to at least meet the distance specified in your phone's user manual
- Avoiding cell phones in areas with weak signals (elevators, on transit, etc.)
 Using a cell phone in areas of good reception decreases exposure by allowing the phone to transmit at reduced power.
- Reducing the number and length of calls
 Turn off your cell phone when not in use.



Learn More:

SF Department of the Environment @ SFEnvironment.org/cellphoneradiation • (415) 355-3700 **Federal Communications Commission** @ FCC.gov/cgb/consumerfacts/mobilephone.html **World Health Organization** @ WHO.int/mediacentre/factsheets/fs193/en/

This material was prepared solely by the City and County of San Francisco and must be provided to consumers under local law.





RESOLUTION NO. 002-10-COE

[CELL PHONE RADIATION SAFETY AND DISCLOSURE] 1 2 Resolution recommending measures for educating the public on and 3 reducing exposure to radiation from cell phones, including disclosure of 4. 5 radiation information at point of sale. WHEREAS, The Policy Committee of the Commission on the Environment met on December 14, 2009 and unanimously adopted the findings and recommendations 7 8 listed below; and WHEREAS, More than 270 million people in the United States (US) use cell-. 9 phones with an increasing number of them children; and, 10 WHEREAS, Cell phones are an important tool of communication, especially 11 12 during times of emergency; and, WHEREAS, A cell phone emits Radio Frequency (RF) radiation from the antenna 13 of the device, often in a 360-degree pattern, as the device seeks to make a connection 14 with the cell tower, and, 15 WHEREAS, Recently published long-term studies looking at cell phone use for 16. 10 years have indicated evidence of increasing occurrence of brain and salivary cancers 17 especially on the side of the head where cell phones are held; and," 18 WHEREAS, Children are potentially more vulnerable to this radiation exposure 19 due to their smaller head size, thinner skulls, different composition of tissues, and still-20 developing brains and bodies; and, 21 WHEREAS, Governments around the world including France, Israel, Germany, 22 Finland, and Switzerland, have issued warnings about prolonged cell phone use, 23

especially for children; and,

24





RESOLUTION NO. 002-10-COE

WHEREAS, The French Senate is considering legislation that would restrict the 1 promotion and sale of cell phones for use by children and would require companies to 2 offer headsets with each phone sold; and, 3 WHEREAS, The maximum level of radiation emitted from a cell phone and 4 absorbed by the human brain and body is called the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) and 5 these values range in cell phones from 0.2 to 1.6 W/kg, the maximum legal value in the 6 7 US; and, WHEREAS, The United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) does not 8 review the safety of cell phones before they come to market but does have the authority 9 to take action against the unsafe exposure to radiation from these products; and, 10 WHEREAS, The United States Federal Communications Commission (FCC) has 11 accepted the safety standards for cell phone radiation set by the electronics professional 12 trade association, the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE); and, 13 WHEREAS, Cell phone radiation safety levels accepted by the FCC do not take 14 into account potential increased vulnerabilities of children nor the cumulative effects of 15 long-term use and do not provide sufficient protection in determining a maximum 16 allowable SAR value of 1.6 W/Kg for the human head and brain; and, 17 WHEREAS, San Francisco has adopted a Precautionary Principle Ordinance 18 that compels government agencies to heed early warning signs from the scientific 19 literature and to take protective action to prevent harm; and, 20 WHEREAS, Cell phone manufacturers are required to report the SAR values of 21 their phones to the FCC but are not obligated to make this information available to the 22 public; and, 23 WHEREAS, Consumers in San Francisco, and beyond, have the right to know 24 the level of radiation being emitted by cell phones as they make their purchasing 25 decisions; and, 26





RESOLUTION NO. 002-10-COE

1	WHEREAS, Consumers in San Francisco should be informed of any steps that
2.	can be taken to minimize harm, such as the importance of using head-sets and texting
3	as an alternative to speaking directly into the phone; now, therefore, be it,
4	RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Commission on the Environment recommends,
5	as a matter of highest priority, that the:
6	a. City/County adopts legislation requiring that retailers of cell phones provide point-
7	of-sale information on SAR values and information on safer use. The SAR value
8.	should be as visible to the consumer as the price.
9	FURTHER RESOLVED, that the San Francisco Commission on the Environmen
0	recommends that the following options be considered for action in the future:
1	b. Federal Government conduct a public review of cell phone safety standards and
2	revise them based on peer-reviewed independent science, including the potentia
3	effects on children and the effects of long-term use, and consider a ban on cell
4	phone advertising aimed at children.
5	c. State of California and the Federal Government adopt legislation that requires
16	warning labels be placed on all cell phone packaging regarding exposure to
17	radiation, especially for children.
18	d. City/County work closely with the School District to educate students, parents,
19.	caregivers and teachers about cell phone radiation and the importance of
20	appropriate use of cell phones including: limiting their use to emergencies, use o
21	a headset, and keeping the phone away from the child's body to the maximum
22	extent possible.
23	e. City/County work closely with the School District to prohibit the distribution of cel
24	phone promotional materials and the use of cell phones as part of the curriculum

especially for elementary schools.





RESOLUTION NO. 002-10-COE

City/County explore ways to encourage cell phone companies to develop technologies, products, and educational programs that facilitate the safest 2 possible use of cell phones. 3 g. Director of the Department of the Environment and the Department of 4 Technology, under the Precautionary Purchasing Ordinance, require that cell 5 phones purchased by City Departments minimize SAR values and come with a 6 headset when necessary and educational materials on minimizing exposure to 7 8 radiation. h. Department of the Environment staff initiate an educational campaign that 9 includes a web page to help consumers identify low SAR value phones and 10. protective measures to reduce exposure to cell phone radiation. 11 I hereby certify that this Resolution was approved at the Commission on 12 the Environment's Meeting on January 26, 2010. 13 14 15 Monica Fish, Commission Secretary 16 Approved (5-1) (1 Absent) 17 Vote: Ayes: Commissioners Gravanis, Martin, Mok, Tuchow and Wald 18 Noes: Commissioner Pelosi Jr. 19 **Absent: Commissioner King** 20 21 22 23 24

25

Exhibit H

Page 1 of 1

Press Release

Mayor Newsom Introduces Cell-Phone Radiation Labeling Legislation

Legislation would require cell phone retailers to post cell phone radiation levels at point of sale

01/26/10 – Mayor Gavin Newsom today announced major consumer right-to-know legislation that will require cell phone retailers to post cell phone radiation levels at point of sale. The ordinance will be introduced at the Board of Supervisors meeting today.

"Telephone manufacturers currently disclose cell phone radiation levels to the federal government," said Mayor Newsom. "This same information should also be made easily accessible to the consumer."

While more research needs to be conducted on the safety of cell phone radiation, recent studies published in internationally regarded journals indicate that long term exposure to cell phone radiation may be responsible for increased rates of brain and salivary cancer, as well as other serious health problems. With the growing number of people using cell phones on a daily basis and the increasing use by young children, the questions around potential health effects are significant enough to warrant precautionary action.

"In addition to protecting the consumers' right to know," said Mayor Newsom, "this legislation will encourage telephone manufacturers to redesign their devices to function at lower radiation levels. This is similar to Prop 65, which dramatically reduced public exposure to toxic materials because chemical companies removed toxic ingredients from their products in order to avoid product warnings."

Cell phone radiation is regulated by both the FDA and the FCC, with a legal limit of 1.6 Watts per kilogram of SAR (specific absorption rate). Cell phone radiation varies widely depending on the model, with SAR's between 0.19 and 1.6. There is no technological reason why a cell phone needs to emit the maximum allowed levels of radiation. Phones that emit lower amounts of radiation work just as well, and sport just as many features.

"I am not suggesting by any means that people should be fearful of using a cell phone," said Mayor Newsom. "Cell phones are an integral part of modern life; however, there are simple things that can be done to minimize exposure to the radiation emitted by the telephone such as using a head set, speaker phone or texting, and turning off the phone when it's not in use."

Exhibit I

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO



DENNIS J. HERRERA City Attorney

OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY

VINCE CHHABRIA Deputy City Attorney

DIRECT DIAL: (415) 554-4674

E-MAIL:

vince.chhabria@sfgov.ora

January 28, 2011

Craig E. Stewart Jones Day 555 California Street, 26th Floor San Francisco, CA 94104-1500

Re:

CTIA v. CCSF

Dear Craig:

This is to confirm that the City will delay enforcement of the Cell Phone Right-to-Know Ordinance (Ordinance No. 155-10, as amended by Ordinance No. 6-11), until June 15, 2011. This delay is intended to allow the San Francisco Department of the Environment to consider potential changes to the disclosure materials that cell phone retailers must provide their customers under the Ordinance, and to afford the retailers an opportunity to adjust to the new requirements before having to comply. CTIA and its members will, of course, have the opportunity to comment on a draft version of the new materials before they are finalized.

Sincerely,

DENNIS J. HERRERA City Attorney

Vince Chhabria Deputy City Attorney