

United States Court of Appeals
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CIRCUIT

No. 12-1115**September Term 2011****NLRB-19-CA-32872****Filed On:** June 21, 2012

Noel Canning, A Division of the Noel
Corporation,

Petitioner

v.

National Labor Relations Board,

Respondent

International Brotherhood of Teamsters Local
760,

Intervenor

Consolidated with 12-1153

BEFORE: Rogers, Griffith, and Kavanaugh, Circuit Judges

ORDER

Upon consideration of the motion for leave to intervene by Connie Gray, Karen Medley, Janette Fuentes, and Tommy Fuentes, respondent's opposition thereto, and the reply; and the motion to intervene by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States and Coalition for a Democratic Workplace, respondent's opposition thereto, the reply, and petitioner's statement in support of the motion and respondent's response thereto, it is

ORDERED that the motion to intervene by Connie Gray, Karen Medley, Janette Fuentes, and Tommy Fuentes be denied. Movants have not shown the concrete, actual or imminent injury required to establish standing to intervene. See Teva Pharm. USA, Inc. v. Sebelius, 595 F.3d 1303, 1312-14 (D.C. Cir. 2010); Crowley Caribbean Transport, Inc. v. Pena, 37 F.3d 671, 674 (D.C. Cir. 1994). The court notes that movants will participate as amici curiae based on their representation that all parties consent to such participation. See Fed. R. App. P. 29(a); D.C. Cir. Rule 29(b). It is

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FURTHER ORDERED that the motion to intervene by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States and Coalition for a Democratic Workplace be referred to the merits panel to which these consolidated cases are assigned. While the motion satisfies the standards for intervention under Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 15(d), movants and respondent are directed to address in their briefs the question of movants' standing to intervene rather than incorporate those arguments by reference.

Per Curiam