If you are an independent contractor or self-employed individual, you may be eligible for Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loans/grants, SBA’s Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL), and/or Unemployment Compensation for losses of income related to the coronavirus pandemic.

If you are an independent contractor or are self-employed and don't have any employees, here's what you need to know about each program.
Am I ELIGIBLE?

You are eligible to apply for a PPP loan as an independent contractor or self-employed individual who has been or will be harmed by the pandemic if all of the following are true:

1. You were in operation on February 15, 2020
2. Your primary place of residence is the United States
3. You filed or will file a Form 1040 Schedule C for 2019 showing self-employment income.

What will lenders be LOOKING FOR?

First, you will need to fill out the PPP application available on the Treasury’s Website (click here).

You also will need all of the following:

1. Your 2019 1040 Schedule C (even if you haven’t filed it with the IRS yet)
2. A 2019 1099-MISC, invoice, bank statement, or book of record that shows you were self-employed in 2019
3. A 2020 invoice, bank statement, or book of record establishing that you were in operation on or around February 15, 2020.

How much can I BORROW?

For most independent contractors, calculating your PPP borrowing limit is a 3-step process:

**Step 1:** Find line 31 on your 2019 IRS Form 1040 Schedule C (If you haven’t filed yet for 2019, go ahead and fill it out). If the amount on Line 31 is over $100,000, write $100,000.

**Step 2:** Divide the amount from Step 1 by 12.

**Step 3:** Multiply the amount from Step 2 by 2.5.

For most borrowers, this will be your maximum PPP loan amount

**NOTE:** If you received an EIDL loan between January 31, 2020 and April 3, 2020 you can refinance that as part of your PPP loan (minus any amount received as an EIDL grant).

What lenders will NOT LOOK FOR

- That the borrower sought and was unable to obtain credit elsewhere.
- A personal guarantee is not required for the loan.
- No collateral is required for the loan.

Loan Terms

- Payments deferred for six months
- 1.00% fixed interest rate
- Loan is due in five years
- Loans issued before June 5th are due in two years

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How much CAN BE FORGIVEN?

Borrowers are eligible to have some or all of their loan forgiven.

How much?

- For loans issued before June 5th owner compensation replacement, but not to exceed eight weeks of your 2019 compensation up to a maximum of $15,385.
- For loans issued after June 5th owner compensation replacement, but not to exceed eight weeks of your 2019 compensation up to a maximum of $20,833.

How can I use my PPP LOAN?

You can use your PPP loan to do any of the following:

1. Replace your compensation (based on your 2019 income)
2. Pay interest payments on a mortgage or loan (such as an auto loan) you use to perform your business*
3. Make business rent payments*
4. Make business utility payments*
5. Make interest payments on any other debt incurred before February 15, 2020 (but such amounts are not eligible for loan forgiveness)

* You must have claimed a deduction on your 2019 taxes for expenses described in 2, 3, and 4 above.
SBA ECONOMIC INJURY DISASTER LOANS (EIDL)

**1. Am I ELIGIBLE?**

You are eligible to apply for an EIDL loan as an independent contractor or self-employed person.

**NOTE:** Due to overwhelming demand and limited funding, EIDL loans are only being approved up to $150,000.

**2. What are the loan TERMS, CAPS, and PARAMETERS?**

- The maximum EIDL is a $2 million working capital loan based on 6 months of operating expenses at a rate of 3.75% (up to a 30-year term)
  
  **NOTE:** EIDLs are now capped at $150,000

- Payments on Coronavirus EIDL loans are deferred for one year

- Approval can be based on a credit score and no first-year tax returns are required. The current credit score threshold is 570

- Borrowers do not have to prove they could not get credit elsewhere

- No collateral is required for loans of $25,000 or less

- For loans of more than $25,000, general security interest in business assets will be used for collateral instead of real estate

- The borrowers must allow the SBA to review its tax records

  **NOTE:** The Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) created by the CARES Act prohibits borrowers from taking out two loans for the same purpose. Borrowers may not use EIDL loans and PPP loans for the same purpose.

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**How do I APPLY?**

Apply for an EIDL loan at [SBA.gov/disaster](https://SBA.gov/disaster)

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**What about the EMERGENCY $10,000 Grant?**

As of July 11, SBA is no longer offering $1,000 per employee up to $10,000 emergency grants.
UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

Independent contractors and self-employed individuals are normally not eligible for unemployment compensation. However, under the CARES Act, such individuals can receive benefits under a special Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) program if they qualify.

1 HOW MUCH
does the program pay and for how long?

PUA pays the same weekly benefits as your regular state unemployment insurance (UI) program, but the benefits are 100% federally funded. PUA benefits are available for up to 39 weeks.

This program expires on December 31, 2020. Through July 31, 2020, recipients of unemployment compensation will receive an additional $600 per week on top of the state-calculated benefit.

2 Am I ELIGIBLE?

According to the Department of Labor: “An individual who works as an independent contractor with reportable income also may qualify for PUA benefits if he or she is unemployed, partially employed, or unable or unavailable to work because the COVID-19 public health emergency has severely limited his or her ability to continue performing his or her customary work activities, and has thereby forced the individual to suspend such activities” is eligible.

NOTE: Receipt of a PPP loan may impact your ability to collect unemployment insurance.